

# Low Oxalate Diet

# Information for Patients

# A low oxalate diet may help prevent kidney stones

Kidney stones are a common disorder of the urinary tract. Kidney stones are pieces of stone-like material that form on the walls of the kidney. They are caused by a buildup of minerals in urine. Most stones are so small that they pass through the urinary system without pain. However, a large enough stone can cause extreme pain or urinary blockage. This is very painful, and requires treatment or surgery.

In the United States, about 1 million people get kidney stones every year. Stones usually affect people between the ages of 20 and 40. They affect men more often than women. You may also be at risk if you have a family history of kidney stones.

Some people have kidney stones made from calcium oxalate (OX-uh-layt). For these people cutting back on high-oxalate foods and salt may help prevent kidney stones.

On a low oxalate diet, you should limit your oxalate to 40 to 50 mg each day. Oxalate is found in many foods.

The following charts will help you avoid foods high in oxalate. They will help you eat foods low in oxalate. This may help prevent kidney stones.

Be sure to drink plenty of fluids. People likely to get kidney stones should drink 8 to 13 cups of fluid each day.

Your body may turn extra vitamin C into oxalate. Avoid high doeses of vitamin C supplements (more than 2,000 mg of vitamin C per day)

In the following charts, food and drink serving sizes are 3.5 ounces (100 grams), unless otherwise noted.

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## Avoid these high-oxalate foods and drinks

High-oxalate foods have more than 10 mg of oxalate per serving.

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DRINKS	MEAT	fruit cocktail	parsley
dark or "robust"	None	gooseberry	peppers (chili and
beer		kiwis	green)
black tea		lemon peel	pokeweed
chocolate milk	STARCH	lime peel	potatoes (baked, boiled, fried)
cocoa	amaranth	orange peel	rutabaga
instant coffee	buckwheat	raspberries	spinach
hot chocolate	cereal (bran or high	rhubarb	summer squash
juice made from	fiber)	canned strawberries	·
high oxalate fruits	crispbread (rye or wheat)	tamarillo	sweet potato
(see below for high- oxalate fruits)	fruit cake	tangerines	Swiss chard
Ovaltine	grits	_	zucchini
soy drinks	pretzels	VEGETABLES	
	taro	beans (baked, green,	CONDIMENTS
	wheat bran	dried, kidney)	black pepper (more than 1 tsp)
DAIRY	wheat germ	beets	marmalade
chocolate milk	whole wheat bread	beet greens	
soy cheese	whole wheat flour	beet root	soy sauce
soy milk	whole wheat hour	carrots	MISCELLANEOUS
soy yogurt	FRUIT	celery	chocolate
		chicory	parsley
FATS, NUTS,	blackberries	collards	
SEEDS	blueberries	dandelion greens	
nuts	carambola	eggplant	
nut butters	concord grapes	escarole	
sesame seeds	currents	kale	
tahini	dewberries	leeks	
soy nuts	elderberries	okra	
	figs	olives	
		Olivos	

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continued

### Limit these moderate-oxalate foods and drinks

You should have no more than two or three servings of these foods per day.

Moderate-oxalate foods have 2 to 10 mg of oxalate per serving.

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**DRINKS VEGETABLES** orange artichoke draft beer fresh peaches asparagus carrot juice fresh pear broccoli brewed coffee pineapples brussel sprouts purple and Damson plums cranberry juice carrots (canned) prunes grape juice corn Guinness draft beer fresh strawberries fennel Matetea tea

orange juice MEAT lettuce
rosehip tea liver lima beans
tomato juice sardines mustard greens
Twinings black currant tea onions

STARCH parsnip
bagels canned peas
yogurt brown rice tomato
cornmeal tomato soup

FATS, NUTS, SEEDScorn starchturnipsflaxseedcorn tortillavegetable soupsunflower seedsfig cookiewatercress

unflower seeds fig cookie watercress
oatmeal

FRUIT ravioli (no sauce)

apples spaghetti in red sauce ginger

applesauce sponge cake molt

apricots cinnamon Poptart potato chips (less than coconut white bread 3.5 oz)

cranberries strawberry jam/preserves

mandarin orange thyme

3 continued

malt

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## Enjoy these low-oxalate foods and drinks

## Eat as much of these low-oxalate foods as you like.

Low-oxalate foods have less than 2 mg of oxalate per serving.

**DRINKS** apple Cider

apple juice

apricot nectar bottled beer

buttermilk

cherry juice

cola

grapefruit juice

green tea

herbal teas: see below

#### **HERBALTEAS**

#### Celestial Seasonings

Sleepytime

Peppermint

Wild Forrest Blackberry

Mandarin Orange Spice

Cinnamon

Apple Spice

#### R.C. Bigelow

Cranberry Apple

Red Raspberry

I Love Lemon

Orange and Spic

Mint Medley

Sweet Dreams

#### Thomas J. Lipton

Gentle Orange

Lemon Soothe

Chamomile Flowers

Stinging Nettle

lemonade

lemon juice

limeade

lime juice

milk

oolong tea

pineapple juice

wine

#### **DAIRY**

cheese

buttermilk

milk

#### FATS, NUTS, SEEDS

margarine

butter

mayonnaise

salad dressing

vegetable oil

#### **FRUIT**

avocados

bananas

cherries (bing and

sour)

grapefruit

grapes (green and red)

huckleberries

kumguat

litchi/lychee

mangoes

melons

nectarines

papaya

passion fruit

canned peaches canned pears

green and yellow

plums

raisins (1/4 cup)

#### **MEAT**

bacon

beef

corned beef

fish (except sardines)

ham

lamb

lean meats

pork .

poultry

shellfish

#### **STARCHES**

barley

cereals (corn or rice)

Cheerios

chicken noodle soup

egg noodles

English muffin

graham crackers

macaroni

pasta (plain)

white rice

wild rice

#### **VEGETABLES**

cabbage cauliflower

chives

cucumber endive

kohlrabi mushrooms

peas

radishes

water chestnut

#### **CONDIMENTS**

basil

cinnamon

corn syrup

Dijon mustard

dill

honey

imitation vanilla

extract

jelly made from low

oxalate fruits

ketchup (1Tbsp)

maple syrup

nutmeg

oregano

peppermint

sage

sugar

vinegar

white pepper

#### **MISCELLANEOUS**

gelatin (unflavored)

hard candy

Jell-O

lemon balm

lemon juice

lime juice

continued

#### LOW OXALATE DIET

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